

HUBEI CEEC TRUCKS CO., LIMITED



CEEC TRUCKS
Fire Fighting Truck
Website: www.ceetrucks.com Phone: +86 159 7192 0800

Instruction Manual

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I . Summarize

Purpose and compose

Firefighting truck from **CEEC TRUCKS** is refitted with low pressure fire pump (Model: CB 10/30) and special equipment based on the second type chassis. For the operation of chassis, please refer to the chassis instruction.

This book is the instruction about operation and maintenance for refitting parts (Firefighting function parts).

This vehicle is used for extinguishing water. It is ideal for government fire brigade and large-scale enterprise.

This vehicle is composed of crew room, hose box, tank, pump room, fire pump, PTO, inlet and outlet pipeline and water fire monitor, etc.

The located of nameplate of this vehicle.



(Preview for your ISUZU Water & Foam Firefighting Truck)

II . Main Technology Specification

Basic parameter:

Items		5000liters Water ISUZU Firefighting truck	
S I Z E	Outer Dimension (L×W×H) (mm)	7200*2300*2700	
	Wheelbase (mm)	3815	
W E I G H T	Front Axle Capacity (kg)	4000	
	Rear Axle Capacity (kg)	7000	
T A N K	Tank Capacity	Water	5000 L
		Foam	N/M
Cab capacity (includes driver)		Double Row 2+3	
Tire		8.25-16 6+1	
E N G I N	Model	4HK1-TCG40	
	Type	Four cylinder inline, water-cool, turbocharged Inter-cooling, diesel	
	Rating Power (kW/HP)	140/190	

Note: 1.The vehicle height includes fire monitor.

2. We keep the right to revise the parameters on the list above.

Firefighting basic parameter list (1)

Items		Model: CB 10/30 Low pressure fire pump
Fire Pump	Model	CB 10/30
	Diameter	100-65 mm
	Flow (Low Pressure)	30 L/s at 1.0 Mpa
	Max suction depth(m)	7
Fire Monitor	Model	PS30
	Location	Top
	Angle of rotation	360°
	Angle of elevation	≥80°
	Angle of depression	≤-10°
	Throw	Water: ≥50 m
	Rotation	360°

III. Assembly type and structure

Main structure

1. Cab room
2. Tank
3. Hose box
4. Pump room
5. Pump and pipeline
6. Fire monitor
7. Additional drive system
8. Additional Control system
9. Additional cooling system
10. Additional electrical system
11. Additional gauge system
12. Equipment
13. Control board system
14. Dry Powder system

1. Cab room

Cab room allows 2+3 crews most. It is double rows 4 doors all-metal structure. Inside it, there are PTO's and other additional control switch; also there is multifunctional electronic siren below the instrument desk. There is one pillow style alarm lamp on the top of the crew room.



Pillow style alarm lamp

Double rows with 2+3 seats

2. Tank

All the tanks are parallelepiped. They are all standard steel and connected with the vehicle frame in secondary beam type:

1. On the top of the tank, there are two manholes, overflow hole and safety guard.



2. At the bottom of the tank, there is one unit deposit drain outlet.



3. On the rear of the truck, there is water inlet and outlet.

4. Inside the tank there is breakwater board.

3. Tool room

The tool room is half enveloping structure, easy for equipment to put or get.

The sliding door there is made up with qualified aluminum alloy materials; there are special lightings for each tool room. Equipment shown as follow:



4. Pump room

The pump room is located at the rear part of the vehicle and it is all-metal structure.

In the pump room, there is the fire pump system, and the operation system & control board, help checking the working condition monitoring and fire pump operation.

At the front part of the water tank in the pump room, there is one large injection hole for water injection from the external water source.

There are special lightings in the pump room for the night work. And the rear Headlight controller also is in the pump room.



5. Pump and pipeline

The fire pump of this vehicle is middle-positioned. It is made of aluminum alloy materials, corrosion-resistant and easy for maintenance.

The vacuum gauge, pressure gauge and the additional cooling system have been equipped with the fire pump pipeline system, for monitoring the fire pump working situation and cooling the PTO.



6. Fire monitor

Model: PS30

Location: Top of tank

Angle of rotation: 360°

Angle of elevation: $\leq 80^{\circ}$

Angle of depression: $\geq -10^{\circ}$

Throw: Water throw $\geq 50\text{m}$



7. Additional drive system

Additional drive system is composed of PTO, pump transmission shaft and brackets. The PTO is sandwich and full-power output type, gear driving, water cooling, Manual (pneumatic) control. It is fitted between the clutch and transmission, getting power from engine and passing it to the fire pump through its pump transmission shaft.

8. Additional Control system

Additional Control system is composed of PTO control rod, fire pump valve control rod, electrical control, button, hand throttle control rod, etc.

9. Additional cooling system

The main purpose of additional cooling system is use to cool PTO imperatively. It can control the temperature of that equipment when the fire truck is in a continuously running condition, prolonging the equipment life.

10. Additional electrical system

Additional electrical system is composed of several parts as below:

- (1) Alarm lamp, siren



Pillow lamps with alarm

(2) Priming pump pneumatic electrical valve switch, fire pump rotation meter, electronic liquid level meter

(3) Fire scene lighting, pump room lighting and tool box lighting, etc.



Fire Scene Lighting

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11. Additional gauge system

Additional gauge system is composed of several parts as below:

- (1) Vacuum pressure gauge: to show the vacuum degree in the pump.
- (2) Pressure gauge: To show the water outlet pressure of the pump. (2.5 degree);
- (3) Rotation meter: To show the rpm of the rotation axis of the pump. (2.5 degree);
- (4) Fluid level gauge: To show the fluid level of the tank by a set of LED

12. Equipment

The equipment is mainly for three purposes: extinguishing fire, saving life and eliminating danger. For detailed items, please refer to equipment list.

1. Suction hose: for connecting the pump inlet with the water source, equipped on the top of the truck; the number is 1.
2. Water filter: for preventing the pipe system from being blocked by the odds. When the fire pump stops running, the water in suction pipe will not spill out for the check valve or say one-way valve in the filter, so water will get in quickly while restarting the pump.
3. Manifold for separating: connecting equipment for dividing the main hose into three smaller caliber hoses. Each outlet has been controlled by the ball valve, so they could work at the same time, or separately.
4. Manifold for converging: while connecting the external water source by water hose, the manifold for converging could be fitted in the inlet of fire pump, with another two 65mm connector to connect with the water hose, and the other end to the water source.

It is always used to supply & get water between several fire truck, or connect the fire hydrant (100mm).

5. Reducing caliber connector: for connecting the outlet valve and the water hose with caliber between 80mm and 65mm.
6. Hose coating: for wrapping the leaking place of the water hose tightly while there is leaking in firefighting, preventing the leaking place expanding and reducing the water loss.
7. Hose link: for hanging the water hose on climbing ladder, helping the fire fighter control the hose.

13. Control board system

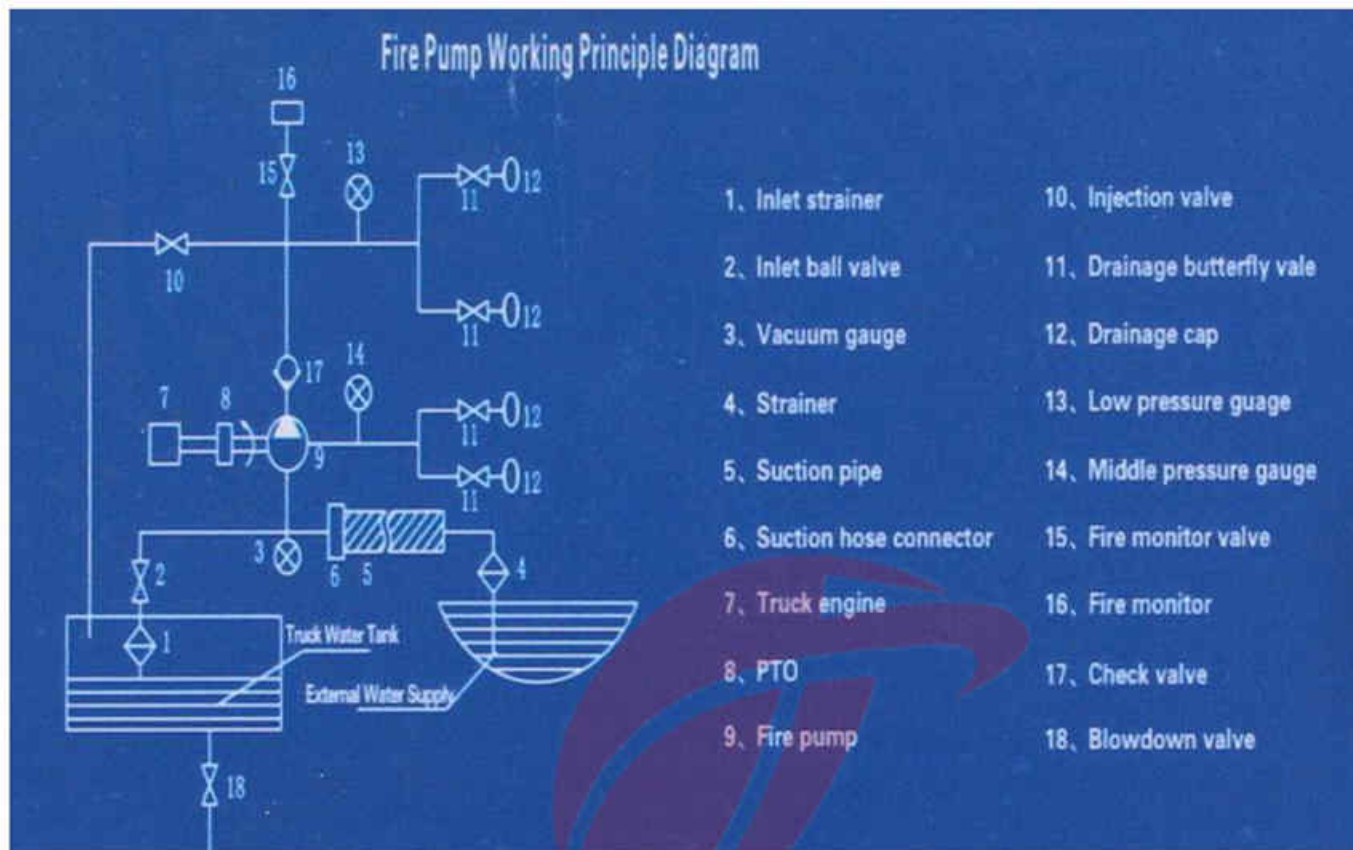


(Control Board Assembly)



Brief introduction of the instrument panel from left to right:

1. Pressure gauge
2. Vacuum gauge
3. Water level gauge
4. Rotation meter



1. Inlet strainer
2. Inlet ball valve
3. Vacuum gauge
4. Strainer
5. Suction pipe
6. Suction hose connector
7. Truck engine
8. PTO (Power Take Off)
9. Fire pump
10. Injection valve
11. Drainage butterfly vale
12. Drainage cap
13. Low pressure gauge
14. Middle pressure gauge
15. Fire monitor valve

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16. Fire monitor
17. Check valve
18. Blowdown valve

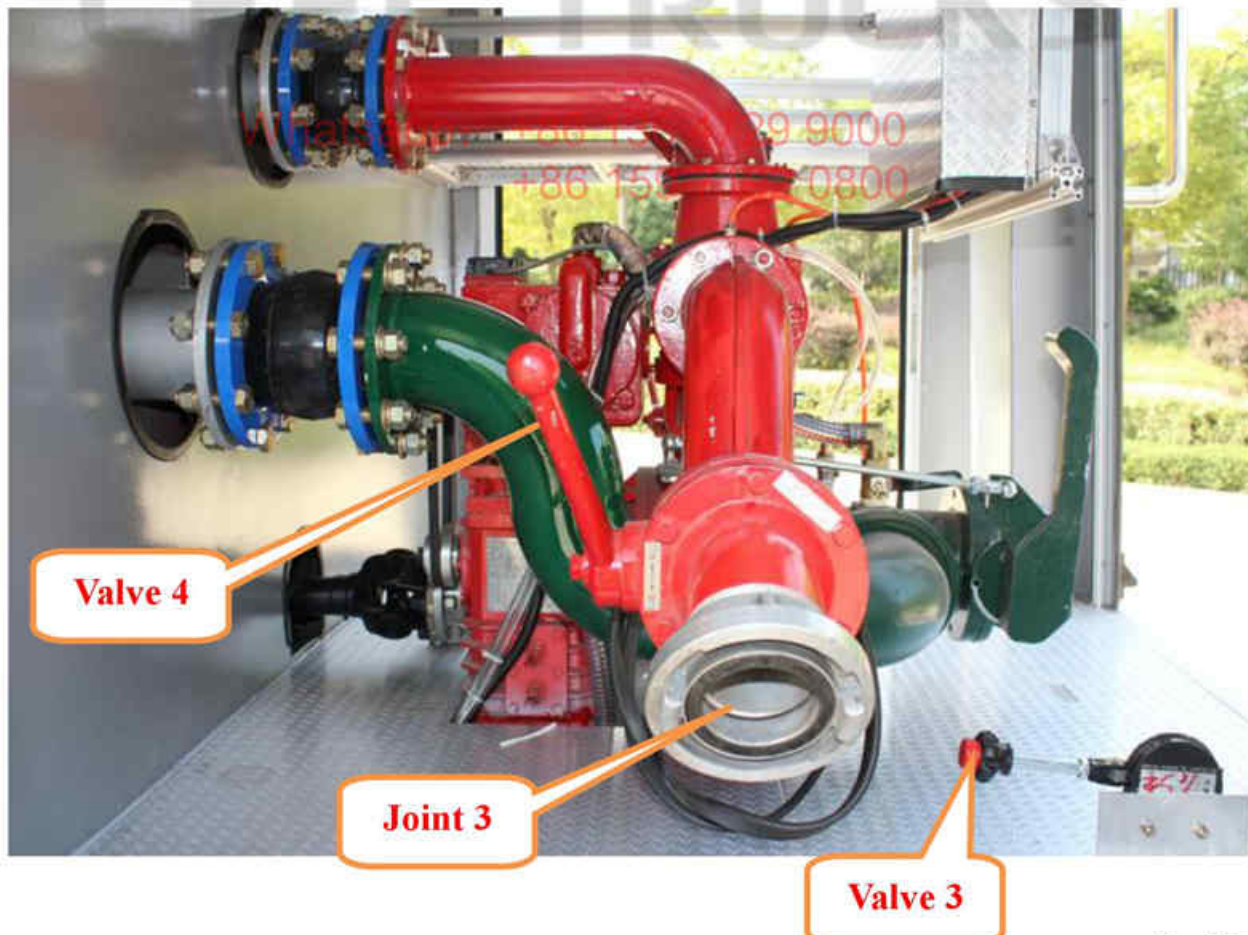
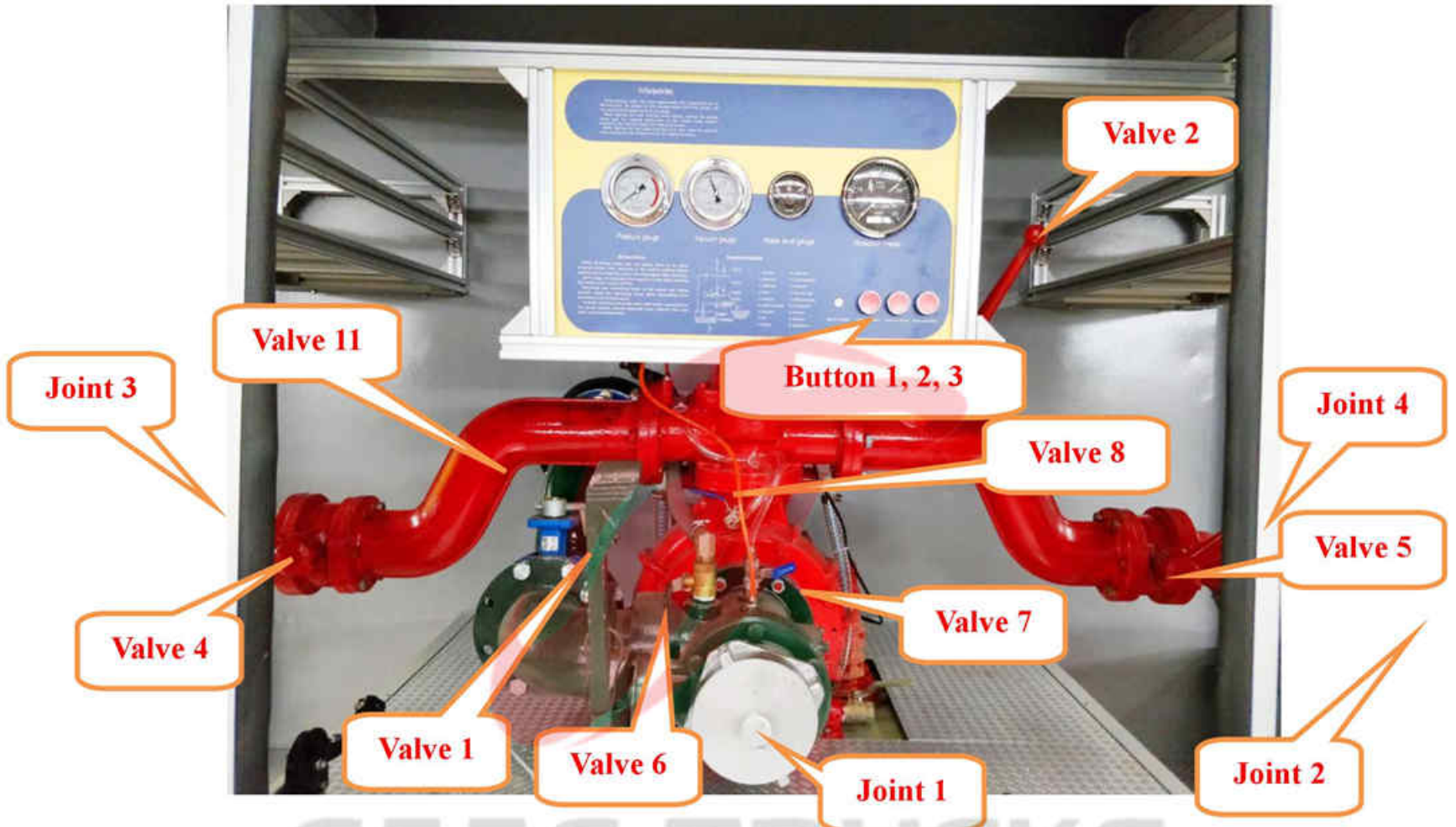


1. Light for outside
2. Light for toolbox
3. Vacuum Pump
4. Power Switch

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IV. Firefighting Truck Operation Instruction



Introduction:

- Valve 1: Fire hydrant water injecting to tank control Valve
- Valve 2: Water Inlet control Valve
- Valve 3: PTO control Valve
- Valve 4: Fire pump water outlet Valve
- Valve 5: Fire pump water outlet Valve
- Valve 6: Vacuum pump water control Valve
- Valve 7: PTO Recirculating Water Valve (Please keep open)
- Valve 8: PTO Recirculating Water Valve (Please keep open)

- Joint 1: Water inlet Joint
- Joint 2: Fire pump water outlet Joint
- Joint 3: Fire pump water outlet Joint

Button 1, 2, 3: Control the fire truck

Operation Steps:

- 1、 Keep valves closed except valve 7 & 8, **Joint 1** connect with fire hydrant, river, pond, start the engine, control the PTO, Press **Button 3 & 2** turn on vacuum pump, open **Valve 6** till the pipeline has water, then turn off **Button 2**, open **Valve 2**, start injecting water into the tank. (Water Inlet Step)
- 2、 Only turn on the **Valve 1**, also the control valve (for fire monitor) on the top, start the engine, control the PTO, then the inside water can be sprayed from fire monitor at high speed, adjust the **Valve 3** which can make the spray faster and stronger. (Water Outlet Step)
- 3、 **Joint 2, 3** can connect with firefighting guns directly.

1. Fire pump operation instruction

In order to extinguish the fire quickly, it is necessary to operate the fire pump exactly and masterly

1. CB10/30 operation instruction

a. Priming water:

If using water from tank, we can push the butterfly valve toward to the fire pump shaft direction in order to pull the pin out from pin-hole. Then pull the handle to horizontal position and open the butterfly valve, after that, water will be flowing into the pump.

If using water from hydrant, we can connect the suction pipe to the hydrant, and then the water will be flowing into the pump from the hydrant

If using water from pond, we need to use a piston primer pump for priming water. In this situation, firstly we can put the suction pipe into the pond; secondly start the low pressure fire pump; thirdly turn the pump rotational speed to 2500r/min in a short time; fourthly pull the control handle down and the piston primer pump begin to work. The water priming will be finished in 35 seconds, then the fire pump begin to work and the piston primer pump stop working automatically, after that ,we can push the control handle up to normal position, if the water priming are not finished in 60 seconds, please check whether there is air leakage in the system.

b. Low pressure work condition: +86 136 4729 9000

Open the ball valve which is in the low pressure outlet, and then turn the reflux ball valve to "low pressure" position.

2. Water injection, suction and discharging

1. Two ways of injecting water into the tank:

(1) Water from hydrant

A. After parking the vehicle according to correct steps, take out fire hose and hydrant wrench.

B. Connect the outer injection joint to the hydrant with fire hose.

C. Open the hydrant valve with hydrant wrench until the tank has been full.

(2)Water from river and pond

A. After parking the vehicle according to correct steps, take out suction pipe, water-strainer and suction pipe wrench.

B. Connect the suction pipe to the inlet of the fire pump and make sure the length is suitable, then fix the water-strainer on the end of the suction pipe and put it into the river or pond (0.5m under water surface is best).

Notice:

- 1 Do not bend the suction pipe excessively.
- 2 Make sure the bending part not higher than the inlet of fire pump.
- 3 Do not make the water-strainer touch the bottom of pond or river to prevent sundries.
- 4 Make sure there is not air leakage at all joint, otherwise the water will not be primed
- 5 Turn off all valves, making the transmission in neutral. Start the engine, push the clutch, press the PTO switch, then release the clutch slowly until the fire pump runs.
- 6 Press the priming button, adjust the manual throttle simultaneously, making the rotation of pump around 2200r/min-2500r/min, get the vacuum gauge at around 0.5-0.8MPa.
- 7 After water getting in the pump, make the priming button back reset.
- 8 While the pressure gauge points at 0.25MPa open the water injection valve, adjust the manual throttle to the necessary pressure until the tank is full.

2. Water supplied by pump

Three water supply types:

1. Supply from tank
2. Supply from hydrant
3. Supply from river and pond

(1)Priming operation (Supply from tank):

Open the pipe valve between tank and fire pump, start fire pump, turn the hand throttle

to make the rotational speed to rated speed. When the value of vacuum gauge is from 50Kpa to 80Kpa, open the outlet valve, then turn the hand throttle to proper pressure.

(2) Priming operation (Supply from hydrant):

a After parking the vehicle according to correct steps, take out fire hose, collecting breeching and hydrant wrench.

b Connect the outer injection joint to the hydrant with fire hose and collecting breeching

c Open the hydrant valve with hydrant wrench, when the water has been primed into the pump, the following steps are same as water supplied by tank situation.

(3) Priming operation (Supply from river and pond):

The operation steps are the same as water supplied by tank situation a to c.

3. Fire fighting

With water

After parking the vehicle according to correct steps, connect the fire hose and hose nozzle correctly, aim to the fire source, operate the clutch and PTO to make the pump start to work. Open vacuum gauge, pressure gauge and cooling system stopcock, check the indication of each gauge, and turn the hand throttle, when the pressure gauge indicates around 0.8Kpa to 1.0Kpa, open the outlet valve, then turn the hand throttle to proper pressure.

Note: Turn off the inlet valve while firefighting.

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V . Other fire equipment brief introduction

1. Monitor operation

Making sure the water in pump be with pressure after the operation above, the monitor aims at the fire scene and adjust its angle, then open the valve under the monitor.

The monitor could spurt like stream by adjusting the handle at the muzzle of monitor.

2. Fire hose reel and firefighting gun

This series vehicle has been equipped with a set of fire hose reel and middle pressure gun. Take out the middle pressure gun and pull out the fire hose to proper length. Open the reels input valve, make it aim to fire scene and pull the trigger. It can also spurt both fog and stream by adjusting the gun.

3. Siren

This series vehicle has been equipped with multi-function electronic siren. Before using, turn on the main power switch, then turn on the siren power switch, finally turn on the relevant switch according to practical demands.

If the vehicle contains foam system, please acquaint yourself with the using of foam system, in order to operate skillfully.

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VI. Attentions on Using

1. Make sure the clutch is detached completely and the engine speed is low when the PTO is approaching or departing.
2. Fire pump running without water for more than 3 minutes or at a high speed are not allowed.
3. When the system is running, before all the water outlet valves have been closed, it must reduce the pump speed. Fire pump running in over rated pressure for a long time is not allowed.
4. After water priming finished, reset the priming handle.
5. After PTO working over 10 minutes in hot weather, it must turn on the water cooling stopcock, otherwise it may cause problems, the water must be drain out when the work is over.
6. If using seawater, sewage, corrosive liquid, please run the fire pump with clear water to clean the fire pump .If using in cold weather, make the piston pump run for a while to drain out the remaining water to prevent it from freezing.

Daily checking

To make sure the vehicle in a good state for a long time, the driver and operator must check the vehicle daily, in order to find out and eliminate hidden danger in time.

1. About chassis part, please refer to “*Chassis Instruction*”.
2. Check daily whether the sound and lubricate of the fire pump, PTO, priming pump, transmission shaft is normal or not.
3. Check daily whether the air tightness of joints is normal or not.
4. Check daily whether the oil of PTO, reciprocating primer pump and gear case are degenerative or missing, whether every part has a leakage.
5. Check daily whether the cooling pipe of pump rack case is blocked ,whether the water level of priming water box are normal, whether there is a leakage.
6. Check daily whether the monitor turning is flexible, whether lubrication is degenerative, missing or leakage.
7. Check and tidy up all kinds of equipment and accessories and keep them clean, dry and in good condition.

VII. Maintenance

1. Cabin

Check periodically whether the alarm lamp, electrical equipment, switches and fuse are in good state or not.

If necessary, please make the maintenance and replacement in time.

2. Tank

While the tank being full of extinguisher permanently, the extinguisher is corrosive for the tank. The tank should be checked periodically. Once it has been rusty, it is necessary to take some effective measures, preventing the rusty expanding. The common method is to clean the rusty point, after drying completely, brush it with epoxy resin paint. Also check the valves and pipeline periodically.

3. Hose box

Check periodically whether there is sleeper in the hose box, whether the roller door is flexible or damage, whether the oil of the chute of the door is lacking, whether the equipment are clean, dry and in good condition, whether the rubber rings of all joints are normal, whether the equipment are fixed firmly.

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4. Pump room

Check periodically whether the equipment in pump room is in good condition. If there are standing water and oil stain, it must be cleaned. Check whether the standing water and oil stain are results from system leakage, if it is, make the maintenance in time.

5. PTO, Transmission shaft

Check the oil level and quality, change or add if necessary. Check the sound running state of PTO to find out whether it is blocked or spontaneous out-of-gear, if it is, check and repair in time. Check the sound of pump drive shaft. Check if all fasteners are tight or not.

6. Fire pump

- a. While working, add lubricant to each running part every 3-6 hours.
- b. Add lubricant to the screw thread of inlet and outlet, cover the cap.

7. Monitor and its pipeline

Check all fasteners, joints, turning parts after using. Add lubricant to turning part periodically

8. Middle pressure reels and gun

Check whether the reel pipe, joints, valves and reel roller are in good condition, check air tightness of all joints.

Add lubricant to turning part periodically

9. Additional electrical system, instrument

Check periodically whether the alarm lamp , siren system, hose box light, pump room light , solenoid valve , fluid level gauge and other instruments, check the fuse.



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VIII. Common malfunctions and eliminating methods in pump system

Malfunctions	Probable Cause	eliminating Methods
Pump cannot be started	Clutch have not been connected	Connect clutch
	clutch slip	Adjust clutch
	Impeller is blocked	Change the impeller
	Pump is frozen	Heat the pump slowly
Priming failure	Suction Height is too high	Reduce the suction height
Stuffing box water leakage	Packing box packing leak	Add filler
	pump shaft wear and tear	Change the pump shaft
Gear case too hot	oil level too high	Reduce the oil level
	Bearing broken	Change the bearing
No pressure at the outlet	suction strainer has been blocked	Clean the strainer
	suction strainer is above the water surface	Put it below the water surface
	Suction pipe leakage	Change suction pipe
	Outlet valve is not closed	Close the outlet valve
	piston pump broken	Repair it
	cone belt slipping	Clean or change it
	Packing box packing leak	Add filler
Pump vibrating	Suction pipe too long and suction height too high	Reduce length and height
	Pump cavitation	Reduce speed and flow
	Impeller is blocked	Wash or change the impeller
	Pump is not fixed firmly	Firm it
	pump shaft or bearing broken	Change them

The oil box of reciprocating primer pump contains water	Piston broken	Change it
reciprocating primer pump cannot exhaust	Diaphragm of inlet is broken	change



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IX. Technical Equipment

No.	Item	Unit	Quantity	Remarks
1	Suction Pipe	pc	2	2 meter
3	Water Filter	pc	1	
4	Three-way distributor	pc	1	
5	Water collector	pc	1	
6	Soft-wall hose(Model-13)	unit	6	φ80
	Soft-wall hose(Model-13)	unit	4	φ65
7	Shaped Reducing Joint	pc	1	65/80
8	Hose Bandage	pc	4	
9	Hose Hoist	pc	4	
10	Hose Bridge	pc	2	
11	Ground Hydrantwrench	pc	1	
12	Underground Hydrantwrench	pc	1	
13	Suction Wrench	pc	2	
14	Dry Powder Extinguisher	pc	1	3 kg
15	Water Stream Branch	pc	1	
16	Water Flowering Stream Branch	pc	1	
17	Fire Fighting Axe	pc	1	
18	Fire Fighting Shovel/Spade	pc	1	
19	Kelly Tool	pc	1	
20	Hatchet for Firefighters	pc	1	
21	Pickaxe	pc	1	
22	Spare Tool Box for Truck	set	1	

X. Attached technology files

Attached list: Common lubricant data

Usual lubricant types:

1. PTO lubricant: The model of PTO lubricant must be the same as the transmission.
2. Gear case lubricant:
 - (1) Model: L CLD68 (GB7631.1-1987)
 - (2) Amount: 1.5L
3. Reciprocating primer lubricant:
 - (1) Model: L CLD32 (GB7631.1-1987)
 - (2) Amount: 0.5L
4. Other part: Add lubricant with a grease gun

Additional: Cold season or district, priming water tank must be added antifreeze, detail as below:

Freezing point (°C)	Water(L)	Denatured alcohol(L)
-10	8	4
-20	6.5	5.5
-30	5.5	6.5
-40	3.5	8.5

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